Tackling	PovertyN	<i>IZ</i> Wor	kshop
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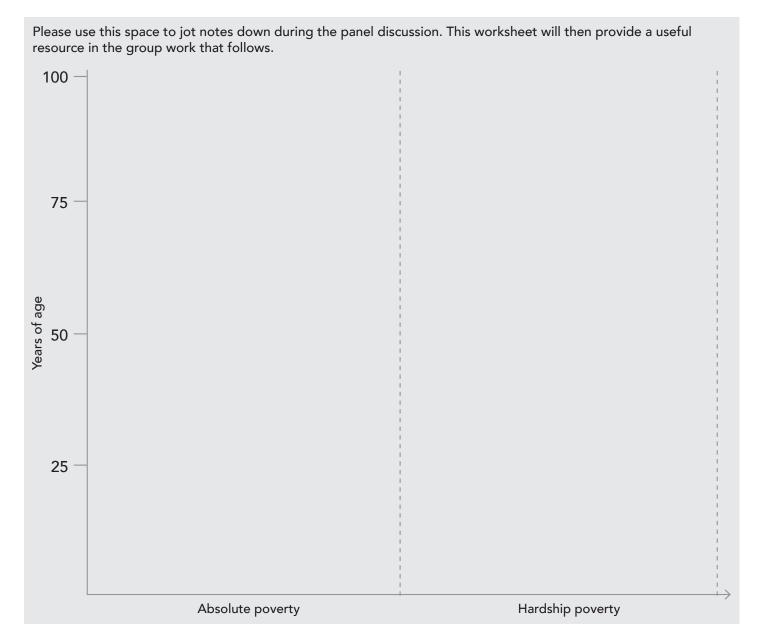
Exercise 1: Maps (the 'who')

Task: Visually represent the poverty landscape in your community

- Step 1: Consider these two established definitions of poverty: absolute poverty as defined by the United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), and hardship poverty as defined by the New Zealand Treasury.
 - 'Absolute poverty' is when an individual does not have access to the amount of money necessary for meeting basic needs such as food, clothing and shelter.
 - 'Hardship' poverty is when an individual is constrained by their material circumstances from achieving a minimum 'decent' level of wellbeing.

For the purposes of this exercise, imagine these types of poverty as one end of a continuum of wellbeing – at the other end of the continuum is a high level of individual and communal wellbeing that is sustainable over the long term.

- Step 2: Discuss with your group the different demographic groups that are affected by poverty in your area.
- Step 3: Fill in the map below by positioning the 'affected groups' you have identified according to their age range and the extremity of their situation.





Name: