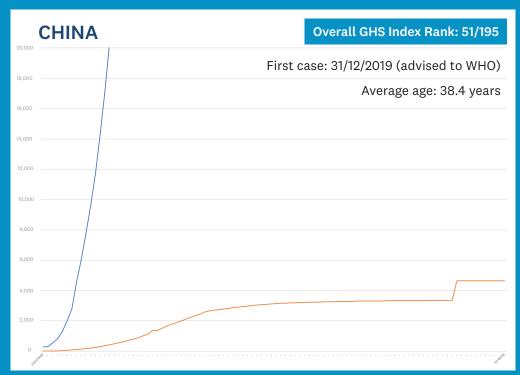
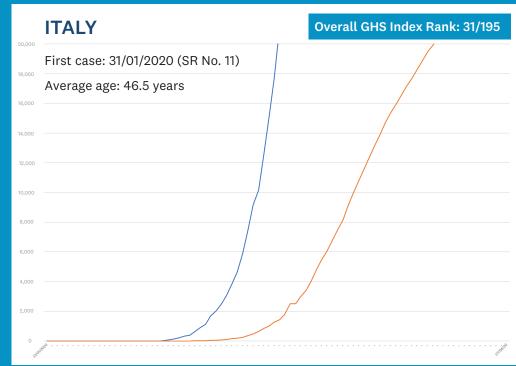
Country graphs: Mapping the COVID-19 curves

Adapted from World Health Organization Situation Reports between 21 February and 27 April 2020.





Following the announcement of the COVID-19 pandemic, Dr Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus (WHO) stated that governments are 'to change the course of the outbreak by taking urgent and aggressive action'. Several countries have demonstrated that COVID-19 can be suppressed and controlled. See graphs for the number of cases and the *GHS Index* for selected countries.

Visit the McGuinness Institute website to view Version 1 of Distancing Strategy: Flattening the COVID-19 curve. The strategy is a suggested response to flattening the COVID-19 curve. The flatter the curve, the less strain on our healthcare system, which means better care for all.

World Health Organization (WHO)

The WHO is a specialised agency of the United Nations concerned with world public health. It was established on 7 April 1948, and is headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland. Its main areas of focus are health systems; health through the life-course; noncommunicable and communicable diseases; preparedness, surveillance and response; and corporate services. To learn more, visit https://www.who.int.

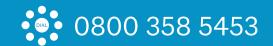
Global Health Security (GHS) Index

The GHS Index ranks 195 countries in terms of level of preparedness, at present New Zealand sits at 35/195 and is classified as 'more prepared' but not 'most prepared'.

The GHS Index is a project of the Nuclear Threat Initiative and the John Hopkins Center for Health Security. It was developed in collaboration with The Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU) with the intention to assess and

benchmark measurable changes in national health security and improve international capability. To learn more, visit https://www.ghsindex.org.







Country graphs: Mapping the COVID-19 curves

Adapted from World Health Organization Situation Reports between 22 February and 27 April 2020.

